N 81/989

Area Wage Survey
Northwest Texas
September 1989

U.S. Department of Labor
Bureau of Labor Statistics
Summary
November 1989

This summary presents results of a September 1989 survey of occupational wages in the Northwest Texas area, which consists of Andrews, Armstrong, Bailey, Borden, Briscoe, Brown, Callahan, Carson, Castro, Childress, Cochran, Coke, Coleman, Collingsworth, Comanche, Concho, Cottle, Crosby, Dallam, Dawson, Deaf Smith, Dickens, Donley, Eastland, Ector, Fisher, Floyd, Foard, Gaines, Garza, Glasscock, Gray, Hale, Hall, Hansford, Hardeman, Hartley, Haskell, Hemphill, Hockley, Howard, Hutchinson, Jones, Kent, King, Knox, Lamb, Lipscomb, Lubbock, Lynn, Martin, McCulloch, Midland, Mitchell, Moore, Motley, Nolan, Ochiltree, Oldham, Parmer, Potter, Randall, Roberts, Runnels, Scurry, Shackelford, Sherman, Stephens, Sterling, Stonewall, Swisher, Taylor, Terry, Throckmorton, Wheeler, Yoakum, and Young Counties. This is 1 of over 100 areas which the Bureau of Labor Statistics surveys annually or every other year at the request of the Employment Standards Administration of the U.S. Department of Labor for use in administering the Service Contract Act of 1965. In addition, the Bureau conducts more extensive studies of occupational wages and related benefits in 90 other areas throughout the United States. For information on these reports and other Bureau publications, contact any BLS regional office identified on the back page.

This study covered establishments employing 50 workers or more in manufacturing; transportation, communication, and other public utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and selected services. A sample of 129 establishments employing 37,223 workers was selected to represent 822 establishments employing 109,285 workers in the area. Data collected in the sample of establishments were projected to represent all establishments within the scope of the survey.

Table 1 provides hourly earnings information on office and plant workers employed in selected occupations common to a variety of industries. Occupational classification was based on a uniform set of job descriptions designed to take account of variations in job duties among establishments. The job descriptions used in the survey are available on request. (See table 2 for further information on the scope of the survey.)

L 2.122/43:

READEX FICHE best copy available

Table 1. Hourly earnings[1] of selected occupations in Northwest Texas, September 1989

Occupation[2]	Number of workers	Hourly earnings (in dollars)[1]			Number of workers receiving straight-time hourly earnings (in dollars) of —																						
		Mean	Median	Middle range	3.35 and under 3.50	3.50 – 4.00	4.00 – 4.50	4.50 – 5.00	5.00 – 5.50	5.50 – 6.00	6.00 – 6.50	6.50 – 7.00	7.00 – 7.50	7.50 – 8.00	8.00 – 8.50	8.50 – 9.00	9.00 – 9.50	9.50 – 10.00	10.00 – 10.50	10.50 – 11.00	11.00 – 12.00	12.00 – 13.00	13.00 – 14.00	14.00 – 15.00	15.00 – 16.00	16.00 – 17.00	17.00 and over
Secretaries	543	9.84	9.23	8.46–11.32	–	–	–	–	1	–	5	28	45	39	18	76	99	35	28	9	69	25	41	22	3	2	1
Secretaries I	227	8.81	8.57	7.48– 9.72	–	–	–	–	1	–	5	22	31	24	11	31	35	22	10	–	29	6	–	–	–	–	–
Secretaries II	81	9.84	9.16	8.85–11.62	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	6	5	27	17	2	1	1	14	–	7	1	–	–	–
Secretaries III	186	10.33	9.30	8.94–12.08	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	6	14	9	2	18	47	9	15	5	15	8	24	13	3	–	–
Secretaries IV	42	12.74	12.50	11.78–13.52	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	3	10	11	8	5	–	2	1
Typists	23	7.81	8.32	7.37– 8.32	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	1	3	3	14	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Typists I	22	7.87	8.32	7.59– 8.32	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	3	3	14	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Word processors	30	9.11	8.65	7.30–11.32	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	5	3	3	1	6	–	–	2	–	10	–	–	–	–	–	–
Word processors I	13	7.81	7.30	– –	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	3	–	–	6	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Word processors II	17	10.11	11.32	8.22–11.32	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	3	1	–	–	–	2	–	10	–	–	–	–	–	–
Key entry operators	256	6.36	6.00	5.75– 7.05	–	–	–	–	51	26	93	11	34	17	9	8	–	4	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–
Key entry operators I	226	6.11	6.00	5.53– 6.60	–	–	–	–	51	26	92	8	32	12	1	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Key entry operators II	29	8.33	8.15	7.70– 8.65	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	3	2	5	8	4	–	4	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–
File clerks:																											
File clerks I	9	5.37	5.63	– –	–	–	–	4	–	5	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Switchboard operators	130	5.86	5.45	5.00– 7.33	–	–	2	23	43	3	25	1	14	12	4	2	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
Computer operators	221	8.68	7.99	7.19–10.03	–	–	–	–	–	21	5	24	31	31	7	4	32	20	20	10	6	6	10	–	–	1	1
Computer operators II	122	8.20	7.99	7.19– 9.23	–	–	–	–	–	–	5	14	31	30	2	1	17	1	13	4	4	–	–	–	–	–	–
Computer operators III	80	10.71	9.92	9.81–12.41	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	3	3	5	19	4	6	2	6	10	–	–	–	–
Computer operators IV	6	12.34	10.17	– –	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Drafters	123	10.92	11.17	10.87–11.66	–	–	–	–	–	2	2	2	–	3	6	3	1	5	4	1	69	2	20	–	1	1	1
Drafters III	21	9.74	9.78	8.30–10.87	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	6	1	1	1	4	1	4	–	1	–	–	–	–
Electronics technicians	542	14.34	15.36	13.20–16.10	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	19	–	10	4	20	7	45	19	58	45	177	134	6
Electronics technicians I	42	9.71	9.67	8.41–10.99	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	19	–	2	2	9	4	10	–	–	–	–	–	–
Electronics technicians II	149	12.31	12.51	11.80–13.20	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	8	2	15	3	35	17	48	20	1	–	–
Electronics technicians III	351	15.76	15.69	15.42–16.23	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	8	25	176	134	6
Maintenance carpenters	62	12.59	12.34	11.25–14.21	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	25	19	1	16	2	–	–
Maintenance electricians	443	13.58	14.47	12.34–15.33	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	13	4	–	39	8	6	126	2	90	74	79	–
Maintenance machinists	69	13.08	12.34	10.80–14.47	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	18	–	19	4	14	13	2	–
Maintenance mechanics (machinery)	1,360	12.24	12.34	10.35–14.47	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	–	3	2	207	3	8	113	59	33	528	2	160	72	138	–
Maintenance pipefitters	140	15.10	14.67	14.47–16.04	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	82	–	56	–
Motor vehicle mechanics	154	11.98	12.06	9.48–14.67	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	4	16	8	10	10	4	6	19	23	7	24	8	15	–
General maintenance workers	208	7.18	7.21	5.83– 8.85	–	–	1	15	14	33	13	8	37	25	–	43	–	21	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Stationary engineers	68	12.56	13.22	10.47–13.22	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	12	–	3	2	2	–	8	27	2	–	12	–
Truckdrivers	927	10.32	9.60	6.50–13.00	–	–	–	1	9	2	198	38	25	31	24	16	64	113	16	38	56	43	66	29	158	–	–
Truckdrivers, medium truck	340	13.24	13.61	11.85–15.68	–	–	–	1	–	2	26	2	–	2	–	–	–	2	2	26	27	40	45	29	136	–	–
Truckdrivers, tractor-trailer	437	8.75	8.94	6.49– 9.60	–	–	–	–	–	–	136	28	21	4	16	15	23	111	14	12	9	3	21	–	22	–	–
Material handling laborers	488	6.92	6.00	5.20– 8.10	–	–	12	–	110	12	121	3	56	21	42	68	–	–	–	26	17	–	–	–	–	–	–
Forklift operators	843	7.51	7.93	5.12– 9.45	–	–	7	–	323	8	10	10	12	140	28	2	152	72	12	–	53	–	4	–	–	–	–
Guards:																											
Guards I	280	5.36	5.00	4.00– 5.98	–	45	58	32	36	46	11	11	5	23	8	–	3	1	–	–	6	–	–	–	–	–	–
Janitors, porters, and cleaners	706	5.15	4.35	3.50– 6.95	174	133	52	100	24	30	12	65	8	30	16	10	–	–	46	–	6	–	–	–	–	–	–

[1] Excludes premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts. Also excluded are performance bonuses and lump-sum payments of the type negotiated in the auto and aerospace industries, as well as profit-sharing payments, attendance bonuses, Christmas or year-end bonuses, and other nonproduction bonuses. Pay increases—but not bonuses—under cost-of-living allowance clauses and incentive payments, however, are included. Hourly earnings reported for salaried workers are derived from regular salaries divided by the corresponding standard hours of work. The wages of learners, apprentices, and handicapped workers are excluded. The mean is computed for each job by totaling the earnings of all workers and dividing by the number of workers. The median designates position—one-half of the workers receive the same as or more than this rate and one-half receive the same as or less than this rate. The middle range is defined by two rates of pay; one-fourth of the workers earn the same as or less than the lower of these rates and one-fourth earn the same as or more than the higher rate. Middle ranges are not provided when fewer than 15 workers are reported.

[2] For occupations with more than one level, data are included in the overall classification when a subclassification is not shown or information to subclassify is not available.

Table 2. Establishments and workers within scope of survey and number studied in Northwest Texas,[1] September 1989

Industry division[2]	Minimum employment in establishments in scope of survey	Number of establishments		Workers in establishments		
		Within scope of survey[3]	Studied	Within scope of survey[4]		Studied
				Number	Percent	
All divisions	50	822	129	109,285	100	37,223
Manufacturing	50	160	32	39,849	36	20,916
Nonmanufacturing[5]	50	662	97	69,436	64	16,307

[1] The Northwest Texas area consists of Andrews, Armstrong, Bailey, Borden, Briscoe, Brown, Callahan, Carson, Castro, Childress, Cochran, Coke, Coleman, Collingsworth, Comanche, Concho, Cottle, Crosby, Dallam, Dawson, Deaf Smith, Dickens, Donley, Eastland, Ector, Fisher, Floyd, Foard, Gaines, Garza, Glasscock, Gray, Hale, Hall, Hansford, Hardeman, Hartley, Haskell, Hemphill, Hockley, Howard, Hutchinson, Jones, Kent, King, Knox, Lamb, Lipscomb, Lubbock, Lynn, Martin, McCulloch, Midland, Mitchell, Moore, Motley, Nolan, Ochiltree, Oldham, Parmer, Potter, Randall, Roberts, Runnels, Scurry, Shackelford, Sherman, Stephens, Sterling, Stonewall, Swisher, Taylor, Terry, Throckmorton, Wheeler, Yoakum, and Young Counties. The "workers within scope of survey" estimates shown in this table provide a reasonably accurate description of the size and composition of the labor force included in the survey. The estimates are not intended, however, to serve as a basis for comparison with other statistical series to measure employment trends or levels since (1) planning of wage surveys requires the use of establishment data compiled considerably in advance of the payroll period studied, and (2) small establishments are excluded from the scope of the survey.

[2] The *Standard Industrial Classification Manual* was used in classifying establishments by industry. All government operations are excluded from the scope of the survey.

[3] Includes all establishments with total employment at or above the minimum limitation. All outlets (within a metropolitan area or nonmetropolitan county) of nonmanufacturing companies are considered as one establishment when located within the same industry division.

[4] Includes all workers in all establishments with total employment (within the area) at or above the minimum limitation.

[5] Includes transportation, communication, and other public utilities (excluding taxicabs and services incidental to water transportation); wholesale trade; retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; hotels and other lodging places; personal services; business services; automotive repair services and garages; motion pictures; membership organizations (excluding religious organizations); and miscellaneous services. Major industries excluded from this survey are agriculture; mining; construction; and some services (notably educational institutions and medical services).

Area Wage Survey Summaries

The following areas are surveyed periodically under contract to the Employment Standards Administration of the U.S. Department of Labor for its use in administering the Service Contract Act of 1965. Reports on the surveys shown below are available at no cost from any of the Bureau's regional offices while supplies last.

Alaska (statewide)
Albany, GA
Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY
Albuquerque, NM
Alexandria-Leesville, LA
Alpena-Standish-Tawas City, MI
Ann Arbor, MI
Asheville, NC
Atlantic City, NJ
Augusta, GA-SC[1]
Bakersfield, CA
Baton Rouge, LA
Battle Creek, MI
Beaumont-Port Arthur and Lake Charles, TX-LA
Biloxi-Gulfport and Pascagoula, MS
Binghamton, NY
Birmingham, AL
Bloomington-Vincennes, IN
Bremerton-Shelton, WA
Brunswick, GA
Cedar Rapids, IA
Chattanooga, TN-GA
Cheyenne, WY
Clarksville-Hopkinsville, TN-KY
Colorado Springs, CO
Columbia-Sumter, SC
Columbus, GA-AL
Columbus, MS
Connecticut (statewide)
Dayton-Springfield, OH
Daytona Beach, FL
Des Moines, IA
Dothan, AL
Duluth, MN-WI
El Paso-Las Cruces-Alamogordo, TX-NM
Eugene-Springfield-Medford-Roseburg-Klamath Falls-Grants Pass, OR
Fayetteville, NC
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach and West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach, FL
Fort Smith, AR-OK
Fort Wayne, IN
Gadsden and Anniston, AL
Goldsboro, NC
Grand Island-Hastings, NE
Green Bay, WI
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point, NC
Greenville-Spartanburg, SC
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle, PA
Jacksonville, FL
Jacksonville-New Bern, NC
Knoxville, TN
LaCrosse-Sparta, WI
Laredo, TX
Las Vegas-Tonopah, NV
Lexington-Fayette, KY
Lima, OH
Little Rock-North Little Rock, AR[1]
Logansport-Peru, IN
Lorain-Elyria, OH
Lower Eastern Shore, MD-VA-DE
Macon-Warner Robins, GA
Madison, WI
Maine (statewide)
Manhattan-Junction City, KS
Mansfield, OH
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission and Brownsville-Harlingen, TX
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay, FL
Meridian, MS
Montana (statewide)
Montgomery, AL
Nashville, TN[1]
New Hampshire (statewide)
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA
North Dakota (statewide)
Northern New York
Northwest Texas
Northwestern Florida
Oklahoma City, OK
Oxnard-Ventura, CA
Peoria, IL
Pine Bluff, AR
Portsmouth-Chillicothe-Gallipolis, OH
Poughkeepsie-Orange County-Kingston, NY
Providence, RI
Pueblo, CO
Puerto Rico
Raleigh-Durham, NC
Reno, NV
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland, MI[2]
Salina, KS
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey, CA
Sandusky, OH
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc, CA
Savannah, GA
Selma, AL
Sherman-Denison, TX
Southeastern Massachusetts
South Dakota (statewide)
Southwest Virginia
Spokane, WA
Springfield, IL
Stockton, CA
Tacoma, WA
Topeka, KS
Tucson-Douglas, AZ
Tulsa, OK
Upper Peninsula, MI
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa, CA
Vermont (statewide)
Virgin Islands of the U.S.
Waco and Killeen-Temple, TX
Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA
West Virginia (statewide)
Western Massachusetts
Wichita, KS
Wichita Falls-Lawton-Altus, TX-OK
Yakima-Richland-Kennewick-Pasco-Walla Walla-Pendleton, WA-OR

[1] In 1989, this area is scheduled to be surveyed under the Bureau's regular area wage survey program. See inside back cover.

[2] Scheduled to be surveyed in this program for the first time in 1989. In 1986, the area was surveyed under the Bureau's regular area wage survey program. See inside back cover.

ALSO AVAILABLE—

An annual report on salaries for such jobs as accountants, auditors, public accountants, chief accountants, attorneys, programmers and systems analysts, job analysts, directors of personnel, buyers, chemists, engineers, engineering technicians, drafters, computer operators, and clerical employees is available. Order as BLS Bulletin 2317, *National Survey of Professional, Administrative, Technical, and Clerical Pay: Private Nonservice Industries, March 1988* (Price $5), from: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Publications Sales Center, P.O. Box 2145, Chicago, IL 60690, or Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402.

Employee Benefits in State and Local Governments, 1987

U.S. Department of Labor
Bureau of Labor Statistics
Bulletin 2309

The Bureau of Labor Statistics issues its first bulletin on employee benefits in State and local goverments.

Data available

- Incidence and detailed characteristics of 14 employee benefits paid for at least in part by employer: Lunch and rest periods, holidays, vacations, and personal, funeral, jury-duty, military, and sick leave, sickness and accident, long-term disability, health, and life insurance, and retirement/capital accumulation plans. Retirement data include defined benefit plans and defined contribution plans, such as savings and thrift plans with salary reduction arrangements permitted under the Internal Revenue Code.
- Incidence and provisions of flexible benefits plans, reimbursement accounts, and unpaid maternity and paternity leave.
- Incidence data on 16 other benefits, including educational assistance, nonproduction bonuses, subsidized child care, and sabbatical leave.
- Data are presented separately for three occupational groups—teachers, police officers and firefighers, and regular employees.

Coverage

- Major benefits in State and local government establishments of the United States, except Alaska and Hawaii.
- Local governments with at least 50 employees, and the entire State government for States.

Source of data

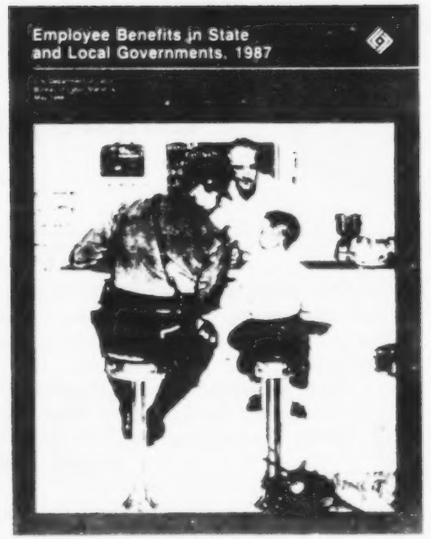
- Sample of about 869 government units, including 24 States and 845 local government establishments; primarily by personal interview.

Uses

- Benefit administration in public and private employment.
- Union contract negotiations.
- Conciliation and arbitration in public and private sectors.
- Development of legislation affecting the welfare of workers.

Also available

- The 1986 survey of employee benefits in medium and large firms.



Order Form

Publications are available from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, or from BLS Publications Sales Center, P.O. Box 2145, Chicago, IL 60690.

Please send _____ copies of *Employee Benefits in State and Local Governments, 1987*, Bulletin 2309, Stock No. 029-001-02976-4 at $4.50 each. Total $ _____

Please send _____ copies of *Employee Benefits in Medium and Large Firms, 1986*, Bulletin 2281, Stock No. 029-001-02927-6 at $5 each. Total $ _____

☐ Enclosed is a check or money order payable to Superintendent of Documents

☐ Charge to GPO deposit account no. _____ Order No. _____

☐ Charge to: ☐ VISA ☐ MasterCard

☐ Credit Card No. _____ Expiration date _____

Name _____

Organization (if applicable) _____

Address _____

City, State, Zip Code _____

Where to Find Information on Employment and Unemployment

Employment and Earnings:

Monthly periodical containing labor force and establishment data. National, State, and area figures on employment, unemployment, hours, and earnings. Order *Employment and Earnings* from Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC. 20402. Includes text, statistical tables, and technical notes.

Employment Situation News Release:

Copies of this national monthly release reach the public about a week after the release date. Write: Inquiries and Correspondence, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Washington, DC 20212.

Machine-Readable Form:

Labor force data from the household survey and employment, hours, and earnings data from the establishment survey are available on both computer tape and diskette. For information, write the Office of Publications, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Washington, DC. 20212 or call (202) 523-1090.

Electronic News Release:

Quickest. Accessible electronically immediately at release time through BLS news release service. Write the Office of Publications, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Washington, DC. 20212, or call (202) 523-1913.

Telephone:

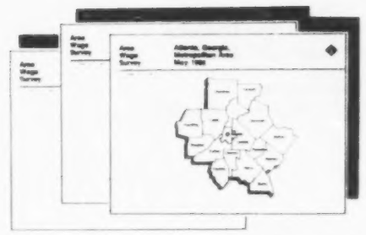
Quick summary on 24-hour recorded message. Key numbers, plus other BLS indicators and upcoming release dates. Call (202) 523-9658.

Monthly Labor Review:

Employment and unemployment statistics included in monthly 47-page summary of BLS data and in analytical articles. Available from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402.

Area Wage Surveys Available Individually and by Subscription

Area wage survey publications may be ordered individually by checking the appropriate boxes on this page and completing the order form below. A subscription, at $77.00, will bring you all the surveys published during the following 12 months. The 32 largest areas are surveyed every year, and two groups of 29 areas are surveyed in alternate years.



Area	Bulletin No.	Price
☐ Anaheim—Santa Ana, CA, Sept. 1988	3045-43	$2.75
☐ Appleton—Oshkosh—Neenah, WI, Nov. 1987	3040-52	$2.25
☐ Atlanta, GA, May 1989	3050-16	$2.25
☐ Augusta, GA—SC, July 1989	3050-17	$2.25
☐ Austin, TX, Aug. 1988	3045-32	$2.25
☐ Baltimore, MD, Sept. 1988	3045-34	$2.25
☐ Bergen—Passaic, NJ, Sept. 1988	3045-40	$2.00
☐ Billings, MT, Nov. 1987	3040-44	$1.25
☐ Boise City, ID, Sept. 1988	3045-37	$2.25
☐ Boston, MA, Aug. 1988	3045-31	$2.25
☐ Bradenton, FL, June 1989	3050-15	$1.50
☐ Buffalo, NY, Oct. 1988	3045-52	$2.25
☐ Champaign—Urbana—Rantoul, IL, Aug. 1988	3045-30	$2.25
☐ Charleston, SC, Nov. 1988	3045-44	$2.25
☐ Charlotte—Gastonia—Rock Hill, NC—SC, Sept. 1988	3045-39	$1.75
☐ Chicago, IL, July 1988	3045-26	$2.25
☐ Cincinnati, OH—KY—IN, July 1988	3045-24	$2.25
☐ Cleveland, OH, Sept. 1988	3045-35	$2.25
☐ Columbus, OH, Oct. 1987	3040-54	$2.25
☐ Corpus Christi, TX, July 1988	3045-27	$2.25
☐ Dallas—Fort Worth, TX, Dec. 1988	3045-58	$2.25
☐ Danbury, CT, July 1989	3050-18	$1.50
☐ Davenport—Rock Island—Moline, IA—IL, Feb. 1989	3050- 8	$2.25
☐ Decatur, IL, July 1988	3045-28	$2.25
☐ Denver—Boulder, CO, Dec. 1988	3045-59	$2.25
☐ Detroit, MI, Apr. 1988	3045-14	$2.25
☐ Elkhart—Goshen, IN, Oct. 1987	3040-43	$2.25
☐ Florence, SC, Jan.1988	3045- 1	$2.25
☐ Fresno, CA, Sept. 1988	3045-38	$1.50
☐ Gainesville, FL, Feb. 1988	3045- 2	$1.50
☐ Gary—Hammond, IN, Dec. 1987	3040-61	$2.25
☐ Hartford, CT, July 1988	3045-25	$1.75
☐ Houston, TX, Apr. 1989	3050-13	$2.25
☐ Huntsville, AL, Feb. 1989	3050- 3	$2.25
☐ Indianapolis, IN, Oct. 1988	3045-45	$2.50
☐ Jackson, MS, Jan. 1989	3050- 1	$2.25
☐ Joliet, IL, Nov. 1988	3045-55	$2.25
☐ Kansas City, MO—KS, Sept. 1988	3045-42	$2.75
☐ Kokomo, IN, Jan. 1988	3045- 3	$2.00
☐ Lawrence—Haverhill, MA—NH, Dec. 1987	3040-59	$2.25
☐ Little Rock—North Little Rock, AR, Aug. 1989	3050-22	$2.25
☐ Longview—Marshall, TX, Aug. 1989	3050-20	$1.50
☐ Los Angeles—Long Beach, CA, Oct. 1988	3045-49	$2.25
☐ Louisville, KY—IN, Nov. 1987	3040-50	$2.25
☐ Memphis, TN—AR—MS, Nov. 1987	3040-41	$1.75
☐ Miami—Hialeah, FL, Oct. 1988	3045-47	$2.25
☐ Milwaukee, WI, May 1989	3050-14	$2.25
☐ Minneapolis—St. Paul, MN—WI, Feb. 1989	3050- 5	$2.25
☐ Mobile, AL, July 1988	3045-20	$2.25
☐ Monmouth—Ocean, NJ, Jan. 1989	3050- 2	$1.75
☐ Nashville, TN	to be surveyed in 1989	
☐ Nassau—Suffolk, NY, Aug. 1988	3045-33	$2.25
☐ Newark, NJ, Feb. 1989	3050- 7	$2.25
☐ New Orleans, LA, Oct. 1988	3045-46	$2.00
☐ New York, NY—NJ, May 1988	3045-19	$2.25
☐ Oakland, CA, Feb. 1989	3050- 6	$2.00
☐ Omaha, NE—IA, Oct. 1988	3045-48	$1.75
☐ Orlando, FL, Sept. 1988	3045-41	$2.25
☐ Pawtucket—Woonsocket—Attleboro, RI—MA, Mar. 1988	3045-10	$2.25
☐ Philadelphia, PA—NJ, Nov. 1988	3045-57	$3.00
☐ Phoenix, AZ, June 1989	3050-19	$2.00
☐ Pittsburgh, PA, Feb. 1989	3050- 4	$2.25
☐ Portland, ME, Dec. 1988	3045-54	$2.25
☐ Portland, OR—WA, June 1987	3040-21	$2.00
☐ Poughkeepsie, NY, Oct. 1987	3040-51	$1.50
☐ Richmond, VA, June 1987	3040-19	$1.75
☐ Riverside—San Bernardino, CA, June 1988	3045-21	$2.25
☐ Rochester, NY, Nov. 1987	3040-57	$2.25
☐ Sacramento, CA, Dec. 1986	3035-68	$1.50
☐ Saginaw, MI, Nov. 1986	3035-52	$1.50
☐ St. Cloud, MN, Oct. 1987	3040-47	$2.25
☐ St. Louis, MO—IL, Mar. 1989	3050-11	$2.75
☐ Salt Lake City—Ogden, UT, Nov. 1988	3045-56	$2.25
☐ San Angelo, TX, Mar. 1988	3045- 5	$1.50
☐ San Antonio, TX, July 1988	3045-23	$1.75
☐ San Diego, CA, Dec. 1987	3040-55	$2.00
☐ San Francisco, CA, Mar. 1989	3050- 9	$1.75
☐ San Jose, CA, Mar. 1989	3050-12	$2.00
☐ Scranton—Wilkes-Barre, PA, Aug. 1988	3045-36	$2.25
☐ Seattle, WA, Nov. 1988	3045-50	$2.25
☐ Shreveport, LA, Nov. 1988	3045-53	$2.25
☐ South Bend, IN, Aug. 1987	3040-27	$1.75
☐ Tampa—St. Petersburg—Clearwater, FL, Aug. 1989	3050-21	$2.00
☐ Toledo, OH, Dec. 1988	3045-60	$2.25
☐ Trenton, NJ, Nov. 1988	3045-51	$2.25
☐ Visalia—Tulare—Porterville, CA, Sept. 1987	3040-36	$2.25
☐ Washington, DC—MD—VA, Mar. 1989	3050-10	$2.25
☐ Wilmington, DE—NJ—MD, Sept. 1987	3040-56	$2.25
☐ Worcester, MA, Mar. 1987	3040-11	$1.75
☐ York, PA, Jan. 1988	3045-12	$2.25
	Total Order	

Where to send order:

*** For individual surveys, send to:**

Bureau of Labor Statistics
Publications Sales Center
P.O. Box 2145
Chicago, IL 60690

OR

Superintendent of Documents
U.S. Government Printing Office
Washington, DC 20402

*** For a subscription, send to Superintendent of Documents**

Order form:

☐ Please enter a 1-year subscription for *Area Wage Surveys*, at a price of $77.00 per year (outside U.S. add $19.25)

☐ Please send me only the bulletins checked on this page

☐ Enclosed is a check or money order payable to Superintendent of Documents

☐ Charge to my GPO account no. _____

☐ Charge to my ☐ VISA ☐ MasterCard

Account no. _____ Expiration date _____

Name _____

Organization (if applicable) _____

Street address _____

City, State, ZIP code _____

U.S. Department of Labor
Bureau of Labor Statistics
Washington, DC 20212

Official Business
Penalty for private use, $300

Third Class Mail
Postage & Fees Paid
U.S. Department of Labor
Permit No. G-59

Bureau of Labor Statistics Regional Offices

Region I

Kennedy Federal Building
Suite 1603
Boston, MA 02203
Phone: 565-2327
Area Code 617

Connecticut
Maine
Massachusetts
New Hampshire
Rhode Island
Vermont

Region II

Room 808
201 Varick Street
New York, NY 10014
Phone: 337-2400
(Area Code 212)

New Jersey
New York
Puerto Rico
Virgin Islands

Region III

3535 Market Street
PO Box 13309
Philadelphia, PA 19101
Phone: 596-1154
(Area Code 215)

Delaware
District of Columbia
Maryland
Pennsylvania
Virginia
West Virginia

Region IV

Suite 540
1371 Peachtree St., NE
Atlanta, GA 30367
Phone: 347-4416
(Area Code 404)

Alabama
Florida
Georgia
Kentucky
Mississippi
North Carolina
South Carolina
Tennessee

Region V

9th Floor, 230 S. Dearborn St.
Chicago, IL 60604
Phone: 353-1880
(Area Code 312)

Illinois
Indiana
Michigan
Minnesota
Ohio
Wisconsin

Region VI

Federal Building
525 Griffin Street, Rm. 221
Dallas, TX 75202
Phone: 767-6970
(Area Code 214)

Arkansas
Louisana
New Mexico
Oklahoma
Texas

Regions VII and VIII

Federal Office Building
911 Walnut St. 15th Floor
Kansas City, MO 64106
Phone: 426-2481
(Area Code 816)

VII
Iowa
Kansas
Missouri
Nebraska

VIII
Colorado
Montana
North Dakota
South Dakota
Utah
Wyoming

Regions IX and X

71 Stevenson Street
PO Box 3766
San Francisco, CA 94119
Phone: 744-6600
(Area Code 415)

IX
Arizona
California
Hawaii
Nevada

X
Alaska
Idaho
Oregon
Washington

☆U.S. Government Printing Office: 1989-262-267/00114